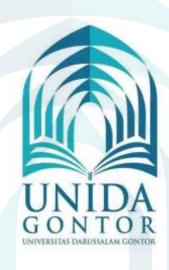
THESIS IMPLICATIONS OF NICKEL ORE EXPORT RESTRICTIONS ON MINERAL SECTOR TRADE IN INDONESIA IN 2020-2023

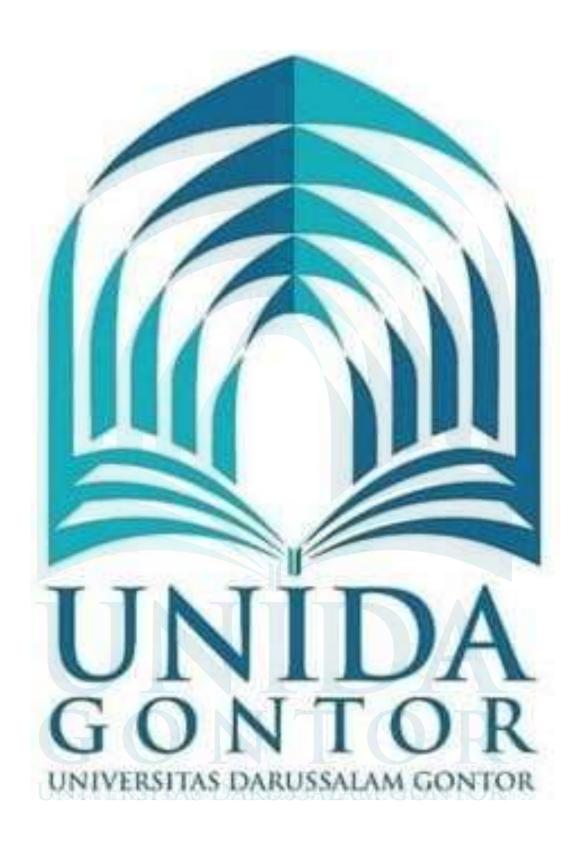


Nala Chamelia Sutikno Putri

NIM 412020518069

DEPARTEMENT OF INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS
FACULTY OF HUMANITIES
UNIVERSITY OF DARUSSALAM GONTOR

2024



THESIS

Implication of Nickel Ore Export Restrictions on Mineral Sector Trade in Indonesia in 2020-2023

> Prepared by: Nala Chamelia Sutikno Putri 412020518069

Has been approved by board of examiners of Undergraduates Program on 4 September 2024

Board of Examiners

Examiner 1

Ali Musa Harahap, M.H.S. NIY: 180672 Examiner 2

Hesti Rokhaniyah, M.Pd. NIY: 150444

Supervisor

Afni Regita Cahyani, M.A.

NIY: 190780

This thesis declared and accepted in partial fulfillment of the obtain for Bachelor of International Relations

Dean Faculty of Humanities

Head Department of International Relations

hamad Latter, M.A. Novi Rizka Amalia, S.IP, M.A.

NIY: 180643 NIY: 150415

IMPLICATIONS OF NICKEL ORE EXPORT RESTRICTIONS ON MINERAL SECTOR TRADE IN INDONESIA IN 2020-2023

Thesis

Submitted to fulfill the requirements for obtaining a Bachelor's Degree in International Relations Department

Prepared by:

NALA CHAMELIA SUTIKNO PUTRI NIM.412020518069

Supervisor

Afni Regita Cahyani Muis, S.IP, M.A.

DEPARTEMENT INTERNATIONAL RELATION
FACULTY OF HUMANITIES
UNIVERSITY OF DARUSSALAM GONTOR
2024

DECLARATION THE ELIGIBILITY FOR THESIS EXAMINATION

It is hereby stated that the undergraduate thesis, entitled:

Implications of Nickel Ore Export Restrictions on Mineral Sector Trade Indonesia In 2020-2023

Prepared by

NALA CHAMELIA SUTIKNO PUTRI 412020518069

Has been approved to be examined, on July 14th, 2024

Head of Department of International Relations

Advisor

Novi Rizka Amalia, S.IP., M.A. NIY. 150415

Afni Regita Cahyani Muis, S.IP, M.A

NIY. 190780

DECLARATION

I hereby,

Name : Nala Chamelia Sutikno Putri

Reg. Number : 412020518069

Faculty : Humanities

Department : International Relations

Tittle : Implications of Nickel Ore Export Restrictions on Mineral Sector

Trade in Indonesia in 2020-2023

I sincerely declare that this thesis originally belong to my own work and not belong to other researcher for different degree. Furthermore, this thesis is never pulished before, expect some parts with their original references.

Otherwise, if it found that this thesis is plagiarism, I'm ready to be ceased academically.

Ponorogo, 6 Safar 1446 H

August 15th, 2024 M

METERAL COP
TENTER
TENT

UNILOA GONTOR

IMPLICATIONS OF NICKEL ORE EXPORT RESTRICTIONS ON MINERAL SECTOR TRADE IN INDONESIA IN 2020-2023

Nala Chamelia Sutikno Putri 412020518069

ABSTRACT

Limiting nickel ore exports is a government effort to protect and prevent the depletion of mineral resources, especially nickel. One form of government policy is to limit the export of raw nickel ore by processing raw nickel ore so that it has added value to the downstream nickel industry in the global market. With so many other countries' interest in Indonesian nickel, the Indonesian government protects it. This study aims to analyze the implications of Indonesia's nickel export protectionism policy on mineral sector trade. The research uses deductive qualitative research methods with literature review data collection techniques from secondary data sources. The theory used in this research is the theory of Protectionism. The results of this study indicate that protectionist measures taken by the Indonesian government have a significant impact on the mineral sector and the national economy because Indonesia is the largest nickel producer in the world. Protectionism efforts by the Indonesian government have an impact on sustainable development and creating economic independence from the nickel industry.

Keywords: Protectionism, nickel ore, raw nickel export ban



IMPLIKASI PEMBATASAN EKSPOR BIJI NIKEL TERHADAP PERDAGANGAN SEKTOR MINERAL DI INDONESIA TAHUN 2020-2023

Nala Chamelia Sutikno Putri 412020518069

ABSTRAK

Pembatasan ekspor biji nikel merupakan upaya pemerintah untuk melindungi dan mecegah penipisan pada sumber daya mineral terutama nikel. Salah satu bentuk kebijakan pemerintah yaitu dengan adanya pembatasan ekspor biji nikel mentah dengan cara mengolah biji nikel mentah agar memiliki nilai tambah industry hilir nikel dipasar global. Dengan banyaknya minat negara lain terhadap nikel Indonesia menyebabkan pemerintah Indonesia melakukan proteksi kepada nikel Indonesia. Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk menganalisis implikasi kebijakan proteksionisme ekspor nikel Indonesia terhadap perdagangan sektor mineral. Penelitian ini menggunakan metode penelitian kualitatif deduktif dengan Teknik pengumpulan data literature review dari sumber data skunder. Adapun teori yang digunakan dalam penelitian ini adalah teori proteksionisme. Hasil penelitian ini menunjukkan bahwa tindakan proteksionisme yang dilakukan pemerintah Indonesia memiliki dampak yang segnifikan terhadap sektor mineral dan ekonomi nasional, dikarenakan Indonesia merupaka produsen nikel terbesar di dunia. Upaya proteskionisme oleh pemerintah Indonesia berdampak pada pembangunan berkelanjutan dan menciptakan kemandirian ekonomi dari industry nikel.

Kata kunci: Proteksionisme, biji nikel, larangan ekspor nikel mentah



FOREWORD

Alhamdulillah hirobbil aalamin, praise to Allah SWT, who has given His Grace to the author so that the author can complete the final project, which is one of the requirements to complete the *Stara Satu* program of International Relations Study Program of UNIDA Gontor. In writing this final project, of course, the author needs hard work to complete it correctly. Hard to complete precisely and correctly. However, the author realizes without guidance, direction, criticism, and support from various parties, the author would not be able to complete this final project. To complete this final project. Therefore, the author would like to express many thanks to:

- Leader of *Pondok* Modern Darussalam Gontor; K.H. Hasan Abdullah Sahal, Prof. Amal Fathullah Zarkasyi, M.A, and K.H. Akrim Mariyat, Dipl. A. Ed.
- Rector of UNIDA Gontor; Prof. Dr. K.H. Hamid Fahmy Zarkasyi, M.A,
 M.Phil, Dr. Abdul Hafidz Zaid, Lc., M.A, Dr. Setiawan bin Lahuri, Lc.,
 M.A, and Dr. Khairul Umam, M.Ec.
- 3. Dean of the Faculty of Humanities, Dr. Muhammad Latief, M.A, and Head of International Relations Program International Relations Study Program; Novi Rizka Amalia, M.A.
- 4. Researcher's beloved mom and dad, Sutikno and Uswatun Khasanah, always provide encouragement and motivation so that the author does not give up easily, and that the author's dreams can be achieved.

Motivation is needed so that the author does not give up easily, and that the author's dreams can be achieved.

- 5. Brother the author's siblings, Salsabila S.P, M. Nabawi S.P, Hattara Al-Basith S.P, and Taqqya Manista'la S.P. who are always encouraging the author.
- 6. Al-Ustadzah Afni Regita Cahyani Muis, M.A., as the author's supervisor, who was never bored and tired of guiding the author until finish writing the final project.
- 7. The big family of the UNIDA Gontor International Relations Study Program, lecturers and students, who have provided a lot of experience for the author during her time as a UNIDA Gontor International Relations student.

Mantingan, 1445 H

UNITED STATE DARKING AND A CONTOR

MOTTO

"NO DREAM IS TOO HIGH. NO DREAM SHOULD BE UNDERESTIMATED.
SOAR AS HIGH AS YOU WANT AND ACHIEVE AS MUCH AS YOU WISH."

-Maudy Ayunda-

UNIVERSITAS DARISSALAM GONTOR