

**ANALYSIS OF MEDICINAL CHEMICAL CONTENT ON JAMU PEGAL
LINU CIRCULATING IN MANTINGAN DISTRICT USING THE HPLC
METHOD(HIGH-PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)**

**Sri Nursita Ainun Nurullah
422021718073**

ABSTRACT

Jamu circulating in the society must meet safety and quality standards, one of the requirements is that it does not contain medicinal chemical. The medicinal chemical content that is often added to jamu pegal linu is paracetamol. Paracetamol is a drug that has analgesic and antipyretic properties, which is used to reduce mild pain such as headaches and fever. However, use of paracetamol in inappropriate doses will damage the liver. This study aims to test the paracetamol content found on jamu pegal linu circulating in Mantingan District. The method used in this study is qualitative analysis with TLC(**Thin-layer chromatography**) and quantitative analysis using HPLC (High-Performance Liquid Chromatography). The samples analyzed consisted of 5 brands of jamu pegal linu circulating in the Mantingan District. The results of qualitative analysis with TLC showed that one of the five samples of jamu contained by paracetamol, namely Sample E, while the other four samples does not contain paracetamol. Sample E has an R_f value of 0.36 which is close to the paracetamol standard, namely 0.36. The results of quantitative analysis of paracetamol levels were obtained using the High-Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC) method. The mobile phase used was methanol pa and aquabides with a ratio of 40: 60, and the stationary phase used was a C18 column with an injection volume of 20 µL. Paracetamol content was found in one of the samples with a level of 10%.

Keywords: Medicinal Chemical Content, HPLC, Jamu Pegal Linu, TLC, Paracetamol.

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**ANALYSIS OF MEDICINAL CHEMICALS IN JAMU PEGAL LINU
CIRCULATING IN MANTINGAN MARKET USING HIGH
PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY (HPLC) METHOD.**

Sri Nursita Ainun Nurullah

422021718073

ABSTRACT

Jamu circulating in the community must meet safety and quality standards, one of which is by not containing medicinal chemicals. The chemical that is often added to jamu pegal linu is paracetamol. Paracetamol is a drug that has analgesic and antipyretic properties, which is used to reduce mild pain such as headaches, as well as fever. However, the use of paracetamol that is not in accordance with the dose can cause damage to the liver. This study aims to test whether there is paracetamol content that may be present in jamu pegal linu circulating in the Mantingan market. The methods used in this study were qualitative analysis with KLT and quantitative analysis using HPLC (High Performance Liquid Chromatography). Samples analyzed consisted of 5 brands of jamu pegal linu circulating in Mantingan market. The results of qualitative analysis by KLT showed that one of the five jamu samples contained paracetamol, namely Sample E, while the other four samples did not contain paracetamol. Sample E has an R_f value of 0.36 which is close to the paracetamol standard of 0.36. The results of quantitative analysis of paracetamol levels were obtained using the High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC) method. The mobile phase used was methanol pa and aquabides in a ratio of 40: 60, and the stationary phase used was a C18 column with an injection volume of 20 μ L. Paracetamol content was found in one of the samples with a level of 10%.

Keywords: Medicinal Chemicals, HPLC, Herbal medicine, TLC, Paracetamol.